

Compréhension de l'écrit et expression écrite

Le sujet porte sur l'axe 4 du programme : **Citoyenneté et mondes virtuels.**

Il s'organise en deux parties :

1. Compréhension de l'écrit ;

2. Expression écrite.

Afin de respecter l'anonymat de votre copie, vous ne devez pas signer votre composition, ni citer votre nom, celui d'un camarade ou celui de votre établissement.

Texte

Recognizing Fake News Now a Required Subject in California Schools

A new law requires K-12 ⁽¹⁾ schools to add media literacy to curriculum for English language arts, science, math and history-social studies.

Pushing back against the surge of misinformation online, California will now require all K-12 students to learn media literacy skills — such as recognizing fake news and thinking critically about what they encounter on the internet.

5 Gov. Gavin Newsom last month signed Assembly Bill 873, which requires the state to add media literacy to curriculum frameworks for English language arts, science, math and history-social studies, rolling out gradually beginning next year. Instead of a stand-alone class, the topic will be woven into existing classes and lessons throughout the school year.

10 “I’ve seen the impact that misinformation has had in the real world — how it affects the way people vote, whether they accept the outcomes of elections, try to overthrow our democracy,” said the bill’s sponsor, Assemblymember Marc Berman, a Democrat from Menlo Park. “This is about making sure our young people have the skills they need to navigate this landscape.”

15 The new law comes amid rising public distrust in the media, especially among young people. A 2022 Pew Research Center survey found that adults under age 30 are nearly as likely to believe information on social media as they are from national news outlets.

Modèle CCYC : ©DNE

Nom de famille (naissance) :


(Suivi s'il y a lieu, du nom d'usage)

Prénom(s) :

N° candidat : N° d'inscription :

(Les numéros figurent sur la convocation.)

Né(e) le : / /



1.1

Overall, only 7% of adults have “a great deal” of trust in the media, according to a Gallup poll conducted last year.

20 Media literacy can help change that, advocates believe, by teaching students how to recognize reliable news sources and the crucial role that media plays in a democracy.

25 “The increase in Holocaust denial, climate change denial, conspiracy theories getting a foothold, and now AI ... all this shows how important media literacy is for our democracy right now,” said Jennifer Ormsby, library services manager for the Los Angeles County Office of Education. “The 2016 election was a real eye-opener for everyone on the potential harms and dangers of fake news.”

30 AB 873 passed nearly unanimously in the Legislature, underscoring the nonpartisan nature of the topic. Nationwide, Texas, New Jersey and Delaware have also passed strong media literacy laws, and more than a dozen other states are moving in that direction, according to Media Literacy Now, a nonprofit research organization that advocates for media literacy in K-12 schools.

Carolyn Jones, *The74million.org*, 24 November 2023

(¹) K-12: from kindergarten to 12th grade: expression that indicates the range of years of publicly supported primary and secondary education found in the United States.

1. Compréhension de l’écrit (10 points)

Give an account of the document, in your own words and **in English**.

2. Expression écrite (10 points)

Vous traiterez **en anglais**, et en 120 mots minimum, **l’un des deux sujets suivants au choix** :

Sujet A

According to you, what is the most dangerous type of misinformation? Justify.

Sujet B

Your school is organising a « Fake News Contest ». Write your own story. The best one will be published in the school magazine!