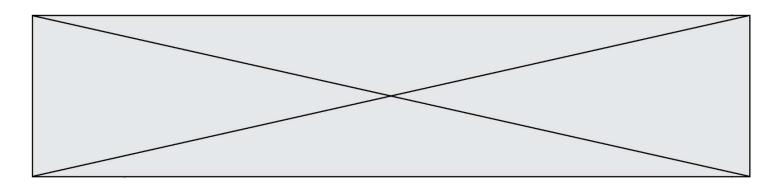
Modèle CCYC: ©DNE Nom de famille (naissance): (Suivi s'il y a lieu, du nom d'usage)																		
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ÉVALUATION									
CLASSE : Première									
VOIE : □ Générale □ Technologique ⊠ Toutes voies (LV)									
ENSEIGNEMENT: ANGLAIS									
DURÉE DE L'ÉPREUVE : 1h30									
Niveaux visés (LV): LVA B1-B2 LVB A2-B1									
CALCULATRICE AUTORISÉE : □Oui ⊠ Non									
DICTIONNAIRE AUTORISÉ : □Oui ⊠ Non									
☐ Ce sujet contient des parties à rendre par le candidat avec sa copie. De ce fait, il ne peut être dupliqué et doit être imprimé pour chaque candidat afin d'assurer ensuite sa bonne numérisation.									
☐ Ce sujet intègre des éléments en couleur. S'il est choisi par l'équipe pédagogique, il est nécessaire que chaque élève dispose d'une impression en couleur.									
\square Ce sujet contient des pièces jointes de type audio ou vidéo qu'il faudra télécharger et jouer le jour de l'épreuve.									
Nombre total de pages : 4									



Compréhension de l'écrit et expression écrite

Le sujet porte sur l'axe 2 du programme : Espace privé et espace public

Il s'organise en deux parties :

- 1. Compréhension de l'écrit ;
- 2. Expression écrite.

Afin de respecter l'anonymat de votre copie, vous ne devez pas signer votre composition, ni citer votre nom, celui d'un camarade ou celui de votre établissement.

Texte

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'I don't want to live alone': co-living, community and affordable housing

While the idea of communal living may be age-old, the modern reinvention of coliving is picking up steam in Australia

Almost two decades ago, Lyndall Parris had her big idea.

"Two of my friends' husbands died, leaving them to continue bringing up their two teenagers alone. I just started thinking: this is crazy. I can't help them much, they're living in different places. If we were living together in a village, wouldn't it be easier?" she recalls.

Parris began researching alternative ways of living. She did a Tafe course "to find out what the hell a website was", built a page and began connecting with like-minded souls online. In 2012, 24 of them pooled their money to buy a 68-hectare plot of land outside Gosford on the New South Wales Central Coast. In 2019, the first residents moved in. They called it Narara Ecovillage.

Today, Narara is home to 250 people who share lives and front yards. Residents come together for potluck dinners and movie nights, run their own school holiday program, hold community meetings and resolve disputes using a method called "sociocracy", where agreement on matters is reached via listening circles. Adults commit at least 52 hours a year to working bee tasks that contribute to the upkeep of their property or the bonds of their community, be that dusting cobwebs off their town hall or leading tai chi classes in the morning. It's a place where going to get a morning coffee can take an hour if you run into anyone along the way. Because as Parris describes it, "Nobody comes here if they don't want to say hello to their neighbours."

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But their community is, Parris says, pretty normal. "There are some people who come here looking for a sect and go, oh, these people are too sane for us," she says.

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Narara Ecovillage is one of the many communities around the world that engage in what's known as collaborative living, where multiple people live together in a shared space. Collaborative living can encompass eco-villages such as Narara, in which a cooperative usually owns the land the residents buy in, through to urban apartment blocks where tenants rent a room and share spaces including kitchens and rooftops. The set-up can vary, but the through-line is an emphasis on community, sharing and participation, as well as prioritising green housing and sustainable living.

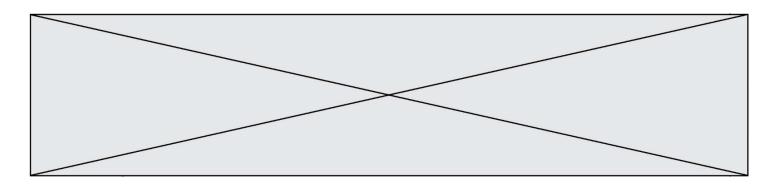
One example is in Melbourne, where a new co-living-inspired not-for-profit development called Nightingale creates carbon-neutral properties where owner-occupiers share gardens, laundries, multipurpose spaces and rooms that can be loaned out to visiting friends or family members. The CoHousing Co-op in South Hobart, Tasmania is a social housing venture with 12 homes and one "common house" which houses a kitchen, dining room, lounge area, common laundry, guest flat and office. It is managed by the residents and based on a Danish model of co-housing.

While the concept may be age-old, the modern reinvention of collaborative living has picked up steam over the past decade. Proponents believe it could help ease housing and climate crises, as well as solving a more intangible need – the human desire for community.

40 "I think that's one of the main reasons people gravitate towards these – it's the social connection," says Caitlin McGee, a research director with the University of Technology Sydney whose work focuses on sustainable housing.

McGee believes "pretty much all demographics" could benefit from the community aspect of collaborative living.

Katie Cunningham, The Guardian, 22 April 2022



1. Compréhension de l'écrit (10 points)

Give an account of the document, in your own words and in English.

2. Expression écrite (10 points)

Vous traiterez **en anglais**, et en 120 mots minimum, <u>l'un des deux sujets suivants</u> <u>au choix</u> :

Sujet A

You wish to join the CoHousing Co-op in South Hobart, Tasmania, Australia.

Write the letter in which you introduce yourself and your reasons for applying.

Sujet B

In your opinion, could community living be the perfect way to spend your entire life?